

# The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 1869

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30. 1741.

## To the DAILY GAZETTEER.



THE State of Affairs in Europe, and the yet uncertain Issue of them, is such, as must needs call upon wise and good Men to bethink themselves seriously of their Country, and to be ready to contribute to its Safety their best Efforts, and whatever their Capacity or Station will warrant and enable them.

No Man's Memory, no Annals, nor History, can point out a Conjunction, when the Councils of the States of Christendom were so distracted and disunited, in which greater, or more ruinous Mistakes had been committed by some; or when Ambition, Interest, or Revenge so much misled others. This regard to the several States and Powers abroad, when we look homeward, we shall find also with Respect to ourselves, that there never was a Time that demanded more Abilities and Resolution either in King or Ministers, or greater Concord in Subjects; never a Time in which our Enemies had so fair an Opportunity to turn our Confusions to their own Advantage. But Opportunity was not made by themselves; was not sought about by their own boasted Finesse and Policy: It was the Destination alone of Providence, ordain'd for our gracious Ends which we do not now see, but which, if we act as we ought to do, we may be sure will be all Reason and all Experience, will not, in the long Run, be unpropitious for us.

It was, certainly, the Interest of the European Princes to concur with the Maritime Powers for supporting the Pragmatic Sanction, and the Free Election of the Emperor: Had this been done, the Armies of France had not been pour'd into Germany, and gone up to the Gates of Vienna and Prague. But Reasons well known, tho' not fit for me to mention, stood in the way.

It was this Turn of Thinking, and Reflections of the State, that working long and frequently in my Mind, I remain with me in Sleep, when they broke out in a wilder indeed, and more irregular Shape; yet I may, perhaps, answer altogether as well the good I have in View; I will therefore beg the Favour of you to give them to the Publick.

I was sailing, methought, in a fine Barge, in open Water, having for my Companion a Nobleman, who had been a Weight in the Councils of a past Reign, and who, I imagin'd, was going to shew me a certain Territory, which was very remarkable but little known, and which I did not be come at without an especial Guidance and Assistance.

While we were talking of this Country, there rose on a loud and furious Storm, as if two opposite Winds were sprung up together, and tearing the Clouds in shreds for Mattery:—Be in no Fear, Sir, said my Guide, the Tempest will quickly fall, and you will be your self safe, in yonder fine and pleasant Bay.—

Meaning of the Noise and Blowings you hear is only the Gods, in order to bring us to the Coast before we chang'd for a while the Course of the Winds; while they blow constantly from the Shore, to the Coast may land there, nor any human Footstep be upon it.

Hearing this, I look'd up, and found we were sailing into the Mouth of the Haven, when I had a lovelier Sight than before; and, what, my Lord, said I, is this charming Land, and to whom does it belong? for I see only a Variety of Nature's Beauties, Groves, Gardens, Meadows, here Trees in Blossom, and others bending with ripen'd Fruit.

This Region, replied he, this beautiful Region, is the Region of the wise Birds: Their History, as I have said, is thus.— Other Nations you are to know, and these, are govern'd, mostly by Kings or Princes, but these, having had the Wisdom to chuse the best for their Sovereign, the Goddess Juno was so pleas'd with them, that she took them into her Protection, and gave them for their Reward this sweet and happy Residence.— It would take up whole Days to tell you all their Virtues and good Qualities. They hate

that gets his Wealth dishonestly, and hides it: They hate their Magistracy and Dispensers of Justice, you see, at no time, any of the Owl Race, let his Gravity be ever so great: They will not suffer the Fool to be noisy and impertinent in their Affairs, but listen with Devotion to the sweet Voice of the Nightingale: If a Finch, or other Bird of

Colours dies, they change not for that their Gold and Sapphires to Sable, nor hire Crows to mourn for him: In a word, whatever is beneficial to the Community they encourage, and therefore favour more than all others Birds of Traffick, who make yearly Voyages to the Moon, and bring to their own Country the Spoil of that rich Planet. But their chief, their Cardinal Virtue is, that happy Temper, or rather Instinct, that unites them in Times of Danger; they then forget all private Bickerings; they keep close together; and they hover round their King in brown Battalions, darkening the Air.

Remainder in our next.

Since our last arriv'd the Mails due from Holland, France, and Flanders.

Dresden, Nov. 28. N.S.

Yesterday Morning Lieutenant Colonel Schmieleaski, dispatch'd from Bohemia by the General Count Rutowski, and soon after the Major de Bulau, dispatch'd by Count Maurice of Saxony, arriv'd Post at the Palace of Hubertsbourg, to bring the King the agreeable News, that on the Day before betwixt three and four o' Clock in the Morning, the Count Rutowski, with a Detachment of his Majesty's Troops, and having under his Orders Lieut. Gen. Renard, Major Gen. Weisbach, and the Col. Count de Cosel, attack'd the City of Prague Sword in Hand by St. Charles's Gate, and took it by Storm after a bloody Action wherein Gen. Weisbach and several other Officers lost their Lives: That to favour this Enterprize Count Maurice of Saxony, who had under him the Marquis de Mirepoix and the Counts de la Tour and Gassion, made a sham Attack with 3000 French at the New Gate of the New City, and after a short Resistance took it: And that the General Count Ogilvi Governor of Prague was made Prisoner of War, and the Garrison surrender'd at Discretion; but such good Orders were given, that the City was sav'd from Plunder. The Garrison consisted of 500 Foot Soldiers and 50 Hussars, exclusive of the Militia and the Citizens that bore Arms; and the Place was taken on the 5th Day after the Trenches were open'd.

From the Great Duke of Tuscany's Camp near Neuburg, Nov. 19. N.S. On the 16th the Velt Marshal de Neuperg, by the Queen's Order, resign'd the chief Command of the Army to the Great Duke. Prince Lobkowitz has now join'd us with 9000 Men under his Command; and this Day we shall continue our March towards Prague, where we hope to arrive time enough to relieve it. Just now a Prussian Captain arriv'd in the Camp accompanied by a Trumpeter, and he was immediately conducted to the Great Duke, to whom he deliver'd a Letter from Prince Leopold of Anhalt Dessau, who commands the Prussian Troops that have their Winter Quarters in the County of Glatz.

From the Confederate Quarters at Horselitz near Prague, Nov. 21. N.S. The Saxons to the Number of 22800 Men are expected here tomorrow, as are 10000 Bavarians the next day, when the Army of the Allies will consist of between 55 and 56000 Men, besides the French Troops that were to set out ten or twelve Days ago to this Kingdom from Upper Austria. The Great Duke of Tuscany makes long Marches towards us, so that shortly there may be a bloody Battle. The Austrians give out, that their Army consists of 60,000 fighting Men, but our Spies say it does not exceed 45,000.

Vienna, Nov. 22. N.S. We hear just now, that on the 19th the Great Duke of Tuscany march'd with his Army to attack a great Body of French and Bavarians assembled near Weissen and Wittengen. The Queen disposes an entire Confidence in the Velt Marshal de Palfi, Palatine of Hungary, whom in respect to his great Age she commonly calls her Father, and makes him always sit down in her Presence. The Queen also very often consults the Velt Marshal Count de Konigsegg, who has been for two or three Years past at his Country Seat.

Besides the Army under the Great Duke in Bohemia, another is assembling in Austria, which when join'd by 10,000 Men sent for from Italy will amount to 27,000.

Ratisbon, Nov. 27. N.S. M. Pollman the Prussian Minister here has communicated to the other Ministers a Declaration of his Master, which has also been sent to his Ministers at the several Courts of Europe, importing,

That the King looks upon the Report of his Accommodation with the Queen of Hungary as an Artifice of his Enemies to create a Diffidence betwixt him and his Allies; That 'tis his Prussian Majesty's Desire such Reports should be contradicted publicly as false and groundless, and that his Ministers should declare, that he is firmly resolv'd to make the Accommodation with

the Court of Vienna, but in Concert and Conjunction with his Allies, and never to hearken to any Proposal that has a Tendency to separate him from them.

Petersbourg, Nov. 14. N.S. The Swedish Squadron is not yet entirely gone from our Coast, there being still six Men of War off of Cronstadt. There have been several Masquerades at this Court for these three Weeks past, to which the Turkish and Persian Ambassadors go by turns, for they avoid being there both together. The Persian seems to be very fond of it, tho' the Eastern People in general have a Contempt for Diversions of this Kind. He has at the same time frequent Conferences with the Ministers of this Court about a Treaty of Alliance, by virtue of which the Crown of Russia is to guarantee the Kingdom of Persia to Kouli Kan and his Descendants, on condition that the latter guarantee the Empire of Russia to the present Emperor and his Posterity; and for the Execution of these reciprocal Guaranties each of the Contractors shall oblige himself in case of Need to send an Army of 80,000 fighting Men to the Assistance of his Ally, especially in case either Power be attack'd by the Porte.

Amsterdam, Dec. 1. N.S. On Monday Night last we had a Storm of Wind at N.W. which endanger'd the Dykes of this Place, and those of the Zuyder Zee in general, they having been overflow'd in several Places. The Alarm Bell was rung in the Villages, and a Gate of the Town left open all Night upon this Occasion. A Buttress of one of the Arches of the New Bridge was split by the Pressure of the Waters, which rose 92 Inches above the common Mark. The Steeple of Egmont on the Coast, which was one of the principal Sea Marks, was blown into the Sea, which rose 17 Foot in that Village. The Dyke of the Zuyder Zee which covers the Territory of Harlem from Bevenwyk to Cannebroek was overflow'd three Foot, so that all that rich District was under Water, but as the Swell of the Sea is now abated, and the Sluices are open, the Land will be soon drain'd.

## HOME PORTS.

Dover, Nov. 27. Wind N.W. Arrived the Baltimore, Biggs, and the Charles, late Johnson, both from Maryland.

Deal, Nov. 27. Wind W.N.W. Came down since my last, the Harrington, Fowles, for East India; the James, Tatnall, for Jamaica; the Don Carlos, Nutt, and the Lily, Townsend, for Oporto; the Dispatch, Kemp, for Gibraltar; the Charming Molly, Righton, for Madeira. Arrived the Everton, Jermaine, from Maryland, and the Gouge, Dixon, from Jamaica. Several of the outward-bound Ships are getting under Sail. Remain his Majesty's Ships South-sea-castle, Dover, Bideford, and Scipio Fireship.

Deal, Nov. 28. Wind W.S.W. The King's Ships remain with the Outward-bound as per last. Came down since, the Providence, Cole, for Ireland; the Ann, Phillips, for N. England; the James, Tatnall, and the George, Bitten, for Jamaica. Arriv'd the Charles, Cobby, from Maryland.

## Arrived

At Stockholm, the Dinglas, Richan, from London. At Whitehaven, the Laurel, Troughton, from Virginia. The Success, Bread, from Carolina for London; was lost coming out.

LONDON, November 30.

Letters of the 18th instant, N.S. from Rome say, the Spanish Troops that sail'd from Barcelona are arriv'd at Orbitello, a Port belonging to the King of Spain on the Confines of Tuscany; that Cardinal Acquaviva no sooner had the News, than he went to inform the Pope of it, who seem'd to be astonish'd at it; and that next Day the Cardinal set out Post, to confer, as 'tis said, with the General of those Forces. They add, that about 14000 Neapolitans are assembled in Abruzzo, with a numerous Train of Artillery, which only waited for Orders from their Court to pass the Frontiers.

As for the Rumour of the Death of Admiral Haddock, the Publick will judge what Credit it deserves, when they are inform'd that it comes from Madrid in the first Place, where the Truth of it was also suspected, because they did not talk of it at that Court.

Some Advices from Vienna say, the Court has lately receiv'd considerable Remittances from Foreign Countries.

According to the last from Francfort, where they meet on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, for the Election of an Emperor, some Difficulties are arisen with regard to that Matter, which are like to give a great Turn to the present State of Affairs.

On the 1st instant in the Morning a Fire broke out at

Empress



Kempten in Bavaria, which in less than six Hours consumed 28 Inns and other Houses occupied by 53 Families, besides 19 Stables and Barns, with a great Quantity of Furniture, Corn, Hay, &c.

We hear that the Duke of Tuscany's Army is but three Leagues from the Bavarians, so that a bloody Battle is soon expected.

The Earl of Hyndford, the British Minister, is arriv'd from Silesia at Berlin.

Letters of the 20th O. S. from Hanover say, that there's hardly a Place between Osnabrug belonging to the Elector of Cologne, and Lude a little Village in sight of Pyrmont, but is crowded with French Soldiers.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Cunningham to Major Blair. Fredericksham, Oct. 26. O. S.

I promised, Sir, to write to you from Finland, and I will keep my Word, tho' I must confess I have very little to say which can either divert or afford you Satisfaction. The open Country is so entirely at the Mercy of the Russians, that they daily plunder Villages, and leave the poor People without any Thing in the World to subsist on. Our General Count Lewenhaupt, who is a Man of great Experience and still greater Humanity, has sent Instructions to the Peasants to withdraw for the future from all the open Villages on the Frontiers, and to take shelter in the Fortified Towns, to which also Orders have been sent to receive them, provided they bring with them Provisions enough for their Subsistence. Our Enemies are the most different People in the World from what we took them to be. They observe the strictest Discipline in the Field, use all our Prisoners in the kindest Manner that can be imagin'd, only their Tartars and Cossacks are very Barbarians; they scarce seem to be Men by their Faces, and if they were turn'd inside out they would be still uglier than they are. A Day or two ago our armed Sloops perform'd an odd enough Exploit, they carry'd off a Russian Vessel cruising before the Port of Wyburg, and kill'd several of an advanc'd Guard who approach'd the Coast, in order if possible to have sav'd the Bark. I know it is reported at Stockholm, that we are about to execute some Design of Importance, I much doubt it; tho' we every Day receive considerable Supplies of Artillery, Provision, and Ammunition, and it is well known that our Commander is a true Patriot, and jealous of the Honour of his Country; which perhaps is more than some People deserve to have said of them, who were here before him.

Letters from Bourdeaux of Nov. 16, bring us a very particular Account of a most lamentable Murder committed in the Neighbourhood. A certain Jew, whose Name is Mr. Raphael, having spent two Days in Town, on his Return to his Country House, which is not quite a League from thence, found the Door shut, and having with some Assistance broke it open, discover'd his Wife strangled, his two Daughters Throats cut, his Son burnt, and two of his Domesticicks murder'd in the Garden. Upon a stricter Search it appear'd that the House was rifled of whatever was valuable and portable. It is more than conjectur'd that this horrid Villany was committed by one of his Servants, assisted by some Associates as wicked as himself.

Yesterday Morning about four o'Clock a Fire happen'd at Mr. Wood's, a Pastry-Cook near Hungerford Market in the Strand, but by the timely Assistance of the Firemen it was happily extinguish'd.

Last Week died in Cork-street, Burlington-gardens, Garde, Esq; Purveyor to his Majesty, as also one of his Pages.

On Saturday last the following Prizes were drawn in the Bridge-Lottery; viz. No. 10559, 1000 l. No. 45783, 1000 l. No. 50634, 500 l. No. 20761, 40798, 38670, 37927, 36628, 38537, 41213, 34658, 33987, 100 l. each.

### Patriot Proceedings.

In the Craftsman an unfinish'd Satyr upon Lotteries, which in respect to Wit, Humour, or Utility, is a meer Blank, and shews plainly that all the Prizes are come up which were in F-nkl-n's Wheel; so that he only amuses us now by drawing every Saturday so many Sheets of Waste Paper, for each of which every honest Malecontent pays Two Pence. A Grievance indeed!

The Champion has publish'd a Letter from the Lord knows who, tending to accuse a Person in high Station of he knows not what. But as it is in a Style contrary to all the Rules of Sense, Decency, or Language, it is conceived it can hurt few who have so much Learning as to be able to read it. But Champions are seldom Conjurors.

In the London Evening Post we have an Account of some Body's quarrelling Members, and computing Majorities by Fractions. This Man must be a Patriot—None else affecting Divisions, among our S-n-t-rs especially.

POPISH PROCEEDINGS in Common Sense. Directions to a British H— of C—, exhorting them to do every Thing which may serve a Faction, and Nothing for the Nation.

N. B. The Report of the Author's Marriage was rais'd to cure a Suspicion of his being a P—-st.

### BANKRUPTS.

Nicholas Dukes, of Somerset-street, Goodmans-fields, Sugar-baker.

William Green, late of the Parish of St. George, Middlesex, Builder.

Jonathan Beaton, late of Mile-end, Middlesex, Linen-draper and Merchant.

Nicholas Whitehead, late of Berwick upon Tweed, Mercer.

Stephen Nevison, of Thursk, Yorkshire, Mercer and Grocer.

Mathew Mason, of Fakingham, Norfolk, Mercer and Grocer.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	04 06	04 23

Bank Stock, 138 1-half. India, Nothing done. South Sea, Nothing done. Old Annuity, 112 1-8th to 112. New ditto, 112 1-half to 1-4th. Three per Cent. 101. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 89. London Assurance, 11. African, 10. India Bonds, 41 13 s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 31. Prem. Salt Talties, 1 3-4ths Prem. English Copper, 3 l. 15 s. Welsh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 102. Three per Cent. ditto, 95 1-4th. Million Bank, 114. Equivalent, 112. Lottery Tickets, 61. 3 s. to 8 s.

THE Company of Brandy-Merchants gives Notice, That To-morrow Morning they will land on Porter's-Key very Fine and Old Cognac Brandy; the Price of which if taken from the Keys when landed, will be 8 s. 3 d. but from their Warehouses in Lombard-street, the Price will be 8 s. 6 d.

Enquire for Warehouse No. 15, next the Custom-House, where Casks of Ten Gallons and upwards will be ready, and come by Nine o'Clock, when the said Brandy will be landed.

WHEREAS Mr. and Mrs. Calverleys will retire from Business at Midsummer, 1743. Mrs. Gambier, who has been Teacher in their School for Eighteen Years, will in Partnership with Mrs. Wheeler be recommended by Mr. and Mrs. Calverleys, to carry on and continue the said School when they quit, on the same Terms and Conditions, and with the same Masters in every Respect as the School is now kept.

This Day is Published,  
(Price Four-Pence.)

### THE OCCASIONAL PAPER, Number III.

On Disputes and Controversies in Religion. What have the greatest Part of the Comments and Disputes upon the Laws of God served for, but to make the Meaning more doubtful, and to perplex the Sense? What hath been the Effect of those multiplied, curious Distinctions, and acute Niceties, but Obscurity and Uncertainty, leaving the Words more unintelligible, and the Reader more at a Loss?

Locke on Hum. Understand. B. III. C. 10. Sect. 12. Printed for John Osborne, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster Row.

Where may be had, the Two Preceding Numbers. Price 4d. each. And also the following,

I. A Copy of the Royal Charter establishing an Hospital for the Maintenance and Education of Exposed and Deserted Young Children. Price 4 d.

II. A Letter to the Rev. Mr. Lamb: Occasion'd by his Remarks on a Book intitled, A Plain Account, &c. of the Sacrament. Price 6 d.

This Day is Published,

(In Two Volumes, Folio, illustrated with proper Maps and Sculptures)

### A New HISTORY of the HOLY BIBLE, both Old and New Testament,

from the Beginning of the World to the Establishment of Christianity.

By THO. STACKHOUSE, A. M.

Vicar of Beenham, Berks.

In which is given a plain and easy Narrative of the Matters contain'd in the Holy Scriptures, from the Beginning of the World to the full Establishment of Christianity.

In the Notes is digested the Sense of the best Commentators, in order to explain the several difficult Texts, rectify the Mistranslations, and reconcile the seeming Contradictions that any where occur.

In the Objections, all the material Exceptions which are made to the Facts recorded in each Period of History, are fairly stated and answer'd.

And in the Dissertations which attend each Chapter, the most remarkable Passages are illustrated, and the profane and sacred History all along connected.

Printed for S. AUSTIN, at the Angel and Bible in St. Paul's Church-yard.

Where may be had, Written by the Rev. Mr. STACKHOUSE,

A Defence of the CHRISTIAN RELIGION, from the several Objections of Modern Antiscripturists. Octavo. Price 5 s.

This Day is Published, (Pr. 1 s. 6 d.)

### A Voyage to LETHE; by Capt Saml

Cock, sometime Commander of the Good Ship Charming Sally. Dedicated to the Right Worshipful Cock, Esq; of Black Mary's Hole, Coney Skin Merchant. Omne tunc punctum qui miltare utile dulci. Printed for J. Conybeare in Smock-alley near Fetter-lane in Spittle-fields

This Day is published,  
(Price One Shilling)

Printed for, and Sold by, F. NEEDHAM, Bookseller in Fourn, opposite Gray's Inn.

### FRIENDLY Advice to C—s M—n, D

concerning the Fourth Edition of his Letter from Rome and the Prefatory Discourse annex'd to it.

It is a Shame to charge Men with what they are not guilty of, to make the Breach wider, already too wide. Dr. Mountagu, Bp of Norwich, Invo. of Saints, Let them not lead the People by the Nose, as he says they prove their Supposition, the Papists to be Idolaters, they cannot.

Thorndike's just Weights and Measures, from Rome.

Also, The Fortunate Country Maid; who from a Cottage, the great Variety of diverting Adventures, became a Lady of Fort Quality. In Two Vols. The Second Edition. Pr.

This Day is Publish'd,

In Two Neat Pocket-Volumes, Price 6 s.

### THE PRESENT PRACTICE of High Court of Chancery:

In which are contained, The Nature and Course of proceedings from the Bill filed to the Decree enrolled: What are inserted, under proper Heads, great Variety of the useful and authentick Precedents of Commissions, Petitions, Affidavits, Certificates, Bills, Answers, Pleas, Demurs, Replications, Interrogatories, Decrees and Dismissions; Of great Use to all Counsellors, Clerks and Solicitors concerned in the Practice of that Court; each Head having servations from Books of Authority: Whereunto are added, The Nature of the several Offices and the Names of the Officers belonging to that Court.

By a Gentleman of the Six Clerks Office.

This Day is also publish'd, a NEW EDITION

Being the Sixth Edition (to which is now added a large Addition in the Nature of an Analysis, of the most general Heads)

An Abridgment of the First Part of my Lord COMMISSIONER'S INSTITUTES, with some Additions, explaining the difficult Cases, and shewing in what Point the Law has been altered by late Resolutions, and Acts of Parliament. Printed for T. Osborne in Grays Inn, and T. Bacon in Duke-street.

### ANTI-SYPHILICON.

THE only short and most infallible

Cure in the Universe for the Venereal Disease from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and degenerate Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are roughly contaminated with its malignant Virus, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attending Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Residue on one Hand, or a venereal Gleet or Weakness to be on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the French Ill attended with Nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings, and all the other most exasperated Symptoms, are overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely red than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without pairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy or true Venereal Antidote in the World; and this some Thousands have their great Joy experience'd.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disturbance, nor requires Confinement; but may be taken, and the cure be accomplish'd, without the Knowledge of the Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lodge in the Body, but wholly extirpates it Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such likewise as doubt they have some remainingicks of former Injuries, may by a few Doses of it incline themselves from all Suspicion of that Kind; for it admits no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, and remains in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and on Account, in all scorbutick, ferrophilous, and even leuc, Eruptions of Foulnesses of the Skin, Glandulous Swellings and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one than any other Medicine yet known can by ten.

The Price of this most Noble Anti-Syphiliticon is Six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient in most Cases; and to plish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is pointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. St. George's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. George's Church-yard in the Strand, ready sealed up with a Bo Instructions, by the Perusal of which, all Persons who ever affected with any Degree of the Venereal Disease perfectly understand their own Condition, and can know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Syphiliticon.



Friday arriv'd a Mail from France, and another from Flanders.

Paris Almanac of Wednesday last has the following Article from Vienna of Nov. 12. N. S.



HE Queen of Hungary's Affairs are not in so bad a Way as they seem'd to be at first. 'Tis true, that Princess has a great many Enemies, but besides that the Winter is too far advanc'd for them to make any Progress, she has also a great Number of Troops already on Foot, and New Le-

agues are making every Day. Our City has hitherto withstood a Siege, but we are wholly oblig'd for it to the King of Prussia, who, if he had pleas'd, might have sent General Neuperg from advancing to our Assistance. Altho' the Number of the Queen's Forces is reckon'd as Guess-work, yet 'tis certain that she has now 80,000 Foot in Bohemia, Moravia, and Tirol, above 80,000 Men to harass the Enemy now and then during the Winter; and that in the Spring we shall have Assistance from more Quarters than one. The oldest Man living does not remember any Instances of such Outrages and Disorders as have been committed by the Enemy in their Passage thro' Lower Austria to Bohemia; the former being quite ruin'd, and the latter in a fair Way of suffering the same Fate, by being the Theatre of War. We are not without Hopes that by-and-by the Electors of Bavaria and Saxony will quarrel about that Crown, to which they both lay Claim; and if Discord should prevail between those Two Princes, it may contribute to retrieve our Queen's Affairs.

By the Flanders Mail we have these Advices. Vienna, Nov. 22. N. S. The King of Prussia having declared for General Schmettau, the Queen has countermanded the Publication of the Sentence pass'd against him by the Council of War. We are told that General Neuperg has quitted the Service of Bavaria, and that he talks of going into Switzerland, tho' he has been nam'd for the command of the Venetian Troops, in the room of the Count de Schulembourg. Count Maximilian of Staremberg dy'd this Morning, and will, 'tis believ'd, be succeeded in his Employments by the Count de Keverhuller. Since Charles of Lorraine is declar'd a Velt-Marshall, and 'tis said he is to have the Chief Command of the Army, a short Journey which the Great Duke of Tuscany's Brother is to take with the Count de Kinski. The Great Duke having sent to the Prince of Anhalt to know what Orders he had receiv'd from his Prussian Officer arriv'd in the Army on the 20th, accompanied by a Trumpeter with his Answer, that he had no Orders to receive for the future but from his Prussian Officer; and that he expected Directions from thence every Day how to act.

#### HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, Nov. 28. Arriv'd the Moschey, Lowndes, from Virginia; and the St. George, —, from Barbadoes, left from the Isle of Man.

Bristol, Nov. 28. Came in since our last, the Louisa, Symmer, from Jamaica; and the Dispatch, —, from Barbadoes.

St. Michael's Mount in Mountbay, Cornwall, Nov. 26. At four this Morning, about a Mile to the Eastward of this Place, the Betty, Temple Chevalier, Master, from Maryland for London, in a violent Storm was put ashore upon a great many Rocks, so that the Ship with all Probability be lost; her Bottom is now with holes in several Places; the Men are all sav'd only the Mate, who was wash'd overboard and drown'd at Sea some Leagues off; there is nothing sav'd.

Gravesend, Nov. 28. Wind W. This Morning came in the Clifford, Simmons, from Exon, left from Southampton for Madeira and Antigua. Sail'd the Ann and Sarah, Short, Tender, for Portsmouth; and the Notre Dame de Foy, Tender, for Rochelle for Bologne.

Dover, Nov. 29. Wind W. Arriv'd the Sarah Galley, from New England.

Dover, Nov. 29. Wind W. S. W. Remains his Majesty's ships Dover, Hawk Sloop, and the Scipio Fireship, with Harrington, Fowles, for East India; the Barracuta, from the Parnassus, Johnson, the George, Bevan, the Neptune, Boyd, for Antigua; the Ann, Philips, for New England; the Warren, Nickols, for Cork; the Bowes, for Dublin. Arriv'd the Constantine, Wright, from Philadelphia.

Gravesend, Nov. 27. Pass'd by the Middlesex, Wood,

and the Britannia, Trimble, both from Jamaica; the Sally, Cole, from Barbados; the Alexander, Lock, the Warwick, Nesbit, and the Charming Jenny, Movet, all three from Virginia; the Prince Frederick, Bartholomew, and the Walter Galley, Stewart, both from Maryland; the Marmaduke, Bowman, from Lisbon; the St. Peter, Plankman, from Dunkirk.

Gravesend, Nov. 29. Pass'd by the Budgen, Bearson, from Guiney; the Sarah Galley, Smith, and the Friendship, Sutcliffe, both from Jamaica; the Tiger Galley, Dawes, from Maryland; the Industry, Smith, and the Friends, Goodwill, Stephenson, both from Dunkirk; the Tilney, Collins, the Union, Klinkart, and the Chandos, Griffith, all three from Amsterdam.

#### Arrived

At Leghorn, the Gibraltar, Mickle, from London; the Don Carlos, Digges, from Messina; the Princess of Wales, Keat, and the St. Cecilia, Stewart, both from Newfoundland.

At Naples, the Pearl, Daubuz, from Newfoundland, left from Leghorn.

At Virginia, the Mediterranean, Woodward, from London.

#### LONDON, December 1.

They write from France, that the Duke de Montemar is gone thro' Aix in Provence in order to embark at Antibes for Italy to head the Spaniards that are sent thither by Sea, and that Don Philip will soon follow him. 'Tis said that the Army which the King of Spain is sending to that Country will consist of 25,458 Foot, 3300 Horse, and 2072 Dragoons, who being all to go by Sea, makes 't more and more probable that the King of Sardinia has refus'd them Passage, and that if he can do it without running too great a Risk, he will declare for the Queen of Hungary. They add, that some other Courts being also suspected, it was resolv'd in a late Council at Versailles, to raise 60,000 Militia next Spring, to augment the Cavalry, and to remount all the Dragoons that are on foot.

Letters from Utrecht say, that Licenses of Books are going to be establish'd in Holland, to prevent the Abuses which are the general Consequences of the too great Liberty of the Press.

Letters from Venice say, that the Republick is so teas'd with the weighty Solicitations of some Powers, and so terrify'd by the Threats of others, that they hold frequent Assemblies, but are not yet resolv'd what Course to steer.

'Tis said that the Elector of Bavaria has 12,000 Pistoles remitted to him every Month from the Court of Spain.

Letters of the 23d ult. N. S. from Dresden, say that the Court having received Advice that the Hungarian Forces consist of 36,000 Men, besides 20,000 commanded by General Lobkowitz, and the like Number by General Neuperg, they have determined to send four Regiments more to Bohemia.

The Mary, Taylor, from London for Ireland, is lost in Bristol Channel.

The Lisbon Merchant, John Wills, bound from London to Limerick, was lately lost on the West Coast of Ireland.

The Greenwich, Mackenzie, from Jamaica to London, is lost off of Beachy.

The Vernon, Sherborne, from Nevis to London, is taken and carried into St. Sebastians.

The Expedition, Talcor, from Messina for London, is ashore near Bologne.

The 26th Instant the Betty, Chevalier, from Maryland to London, was lost about a Mile from St. Michael's Mount on the Coast of Cornwall.

Thursday Se'nnight last died at Edinburgh of an Apopleckick Fit, Mr. John Ker, Professor of Humanity in that University.

The Right Hon. the Lord King has given a hundred Pounds towards building the Devon and Exeter Hospital, at this time erecting.

Yesterday being St. Andrew's Day, Tutelar Saint of Scotland, the same was observ'd at Court as usual, when his Majesty, the Duke and the Princesses wore Crosses in Honour of the Day.

Yesterday the Rev. Richard Bullock, D. D. one of his Majesty's Chaplains in ordinary, was installed with the usual Formality as one of the Prebends of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter's Westminster, in the room of Dr. Hargrave deceased.

Yesterday the following Numbers were drawn Prizes in the Bridge-Lottery; viz. No. 50252, 10000 l. No. 47650, 1000 l. No. 36800, 10399, 13783, 19544, 17288, each 500 l. No. 49290, 50907, 35443, each 100 l.

Last Week dy'd of the Small Pox, in Duke-street, Piccadilly, in the 19th Year of her Age, Miss Barbara Barttelor, only Daughter of the Rev. Mr. Barttelor, Rector

of Rottindecian in Suffex. A Filial Duty and Affection to her Parents, a sincere, undissembled Piety to her Creator, a Sweetness and Affability of Behaviour to all her Acquaintance, added to an uncommon Degree of Good Sense and Judgment, were Qualities that in a very eminent Manner distinguish'd her Character; and as they render'd her Life truly valuable, serv'd only to make her Death more lamented.

The unhappy Death of this young Person had something in it equally moving and remarkable. It was the Opinion of a very eminent Physician, who attended her some Years ago, in a Sickness, that her Distemper was the Small Pox. Relying upon his Judgment, she was desirous herself to attend an only Brother, who was lately inoculated. She sickn'd soon after his Recovery, and by too fond and fatal a Concern for the Life of one who was always dear to her, she lost her own; leaving the World, and all her mournful Relations, with the Peace of a Saint, and the Resignation of a Christian.

The Eye, that can a pitying Tear refuse  
To thy cold Marble, is that Stoue, it views.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	04 43	05 05

Bank Stock, 138 1-4th. India, 160 1-4th to 160. South Sea, 105 1-4th. Old Annuity, 112. New ditto, 112 1-4th. Three per Cent. 101. Seven per Cent. Loan, 80. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 89. London Assurance, 11. African, 10. India Bonds, 41. 13s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 31. 2s. 6d. Prem. Salt Talties, 1 3-4ths Prem. English Copper, 31. 15s. Welsh ditto, 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 102. Three per Cent. ditto, 94 3-4ths. Million Bank, 114. Equivalent, 112. Lottery Tickets, 61. 10s. to 8s.

Bank, June 1, 1741.

Whereas JOHN WAITE, late one of the Cashiers of the Bank of England, about Forty Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well set, round visag'd, small grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye-lashes, and of a most remarkable fresh Complexion, absented himself on Wednesday the 13th of May last from his Duty at the Bank, and is supposed to have secreted, or taken away with him from the Bank, East-India Bonds, amounting to a considerable Value;

And whereas Warrants are issued for Apprehending and Taking the said John Waite, This is to give Notice, That whoever shall apprehend and secure the said John Waite, to be dealt with according to Law, shall receive of the said Governor and Company the Sum of Three hundred Pounds, over and above the Two hundred Pounds offered in former Advertisements, in the Whole Five HUNDRED POUNDS.

David Le Gros, Secretary.

#### To be SOLD,

At the Orange Tree in Air-street near Piccadilly, THE very best Genoa Velvet, at 19 s. per Yard. With several other Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

Whereas the Linnen Manufactory in

Scotland has of late Years, to the great Satisfaction of the Nation been much improv'd; these therefore are to give Notice, that there is a Quantity of Scots Hollands, lately imported by the Maker, to be sold Whole ale or Retail, at the very lowest Rates, by THOMAS DOUGHTY, at the Whalebone-Warehouse, the Crown and Scepter, opposite Somerset-House in the Strand. The above Hollands, as to Quality and Colour, are as good as any imported from Holland.

Note, All Sorts of Buckrams at the lowest Prices to be sold at the above-mention'd Warehouse.

Whereas on Monday Night last past,

being the 23d of this Instant, was stolen out of a Meadow adjoining to the Town of Hertford, one Dark Brown Mare, about Fourteen Hands and a Half high, a Nick'd Tail, a Brown Muzzle, a Blaze down her Face, and a Blemish in her Off-Eye, pretty hairy legg'd, and Full Aged: And one other Chestnut Colour'd Gelding, with a White Mane and Tail, and a Blaze down the Face, about Fourteen Hands high, and has been Fir'd of the Off-Leg before, and comes Five Years old. Suppos'd to be taken by Two Lusty Fellows, near Six Foot high, and about Thirty Years old; the one having on a Light-colour'd Drab Great Coat, with a Large Velvet Cape, and Wrought Metal Buttons; a Yellow Waistcoat, and a Gizele-Wig; the other has on a Dark colour'd Coat, with a Blue Waistcoat, and White Buttons on it, and a Brown Wig.

Whoever shall bring the said Horses to Mr. Mann of Hertford, or to Mr. Cramphorn at the Two Swans in Bishopsgate-street, London, shall receive Two Guineas Reward, and Reasonable Charges: And if the Men are taken and brought to Justice, shall receive Two Guineas more.

N. B. There is several other Robberies suppos'd to have been committed by the same Two Men.



